



Do household chemicals cause bladder cancer in dogs?

Help us find out!

Study of Environmental Chemicals in Dogs with Bladder Cancer

The Study

Bladder cancer in dogs can lead to bloody urine, pain on urination, and urinary blockage. Bladder cancer in humans can be caused by toxic chemicals in the environment. We are looking to see if the same is true for dogs. The goal of this study is to find out whether exposure to certain environmental chemicals contributes to bladder cancer risk in dogs. A second part of the study will discover whether owners of dogs with bladder cancer have similar toxic chemical exposures.

Who Qualifies

Any dog diagnosed with bladder cancer (TCC; transitional or urothelial cell carcinoma of the bladder or urethra) confirmed by genetic (BRAF) test, tumor biopsy, or examination of urinary cells, along with bladder ultrasound, or any dog that is identified as an unaffected matched control. Dogs cannot have started chemotherapy or radiation, but NSAID drugs are allowed.

What Happens

Dog owners collect a voided 25 mL urine sample (about 2 tablespoons) from your dog using a kit that we provide. We also ask you to fill out a questionnaire about your dog's environment, and collect household dust, drinking water, and air samples using simple materials that we provide. It is optional for you to also provide your own urine sample. You or your dog do not have to come to UW Veterinary Care to enroll in the study.

Why Participate

This study will help us understand what causes bladder cancer in dogs, and whether owners of these dogs are also exposed to certain toxic chemicals. Our goal is to find **better ways to prevent bladder cancer.**

More Information

To learn more, please contact Hannah Peterson at hpeterson4@wisc.edu or Dr. Lauren Trepanier at lauren.trepanier@wisc.edu. Thank you for reading about our study!



This work is supported by the AKC Canine Health Foundation [grant #02780](#).